Workshop on Success Stories in Watershed Programmes of Department of Land Resources

03.02.2011

STATE LEVEL NODAL AGENCY / TAMIL NADU WATERSHED DEVELOPMENT AGENCY TAMILNADU



PHYSICAL ACHIEVEMENT UNDER ONGOING DPAP & IWDP PROJECTS

Expenditure so far under DPAP - Rs.272.07 Crores IWDP - Rs.203.80 Crores

SOIL & MOISTURE CONSERVATION WORKS

| SI. No. | Work | Unit | DPAP | IWDP |
|------------|------------------|--------------------|--------|-------|
| 1. | Land Leveling | Ha. | 4490 | 11744 |
| 2. | Summer Ploughing | Ha. | 23124 | 22863 |
| 3. | Bunding | Ha. | 104357 | 87119 |
| 4. | Retaining Wall | Rmt. (In Lakhs) | 2.779 | 1.396 |

WATER CONSERVATION WORKS

| SI. No. | Work | Unit | DPAP | IWDP |
|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|--------|
| 1. | Percolation Pond | No. | 3551 | 2207 |
| 2. | Cattle Pond | No. | 1720 | 1786 |
| 3. | Farm Pond | No. | 10437 | 5681 |
| 4. | Sunken Pond | No. | 5570 | 3354 |
| 5. | Check Dam | No. | 5705 | 4619 |
| 6. | Supply Channel | Rmt. (In Lakhs) | 22.545 | 14.440 |
| 7. | LRCD | No. | 11204 | 5539 |
| 8. | Renovation of Tank | No. | 5691 | 3735 |

AFFORESTATION ACTIVITIES

| SI. No. | Work | Unit | DPAP | IWDP |
|------------|-------------------------|------|-------|--------|
| 1. | Horticulture Plantation | Ha. | 31805 | 26210 |
| 2. | Social Forestry | Ha. | 29253 | 16469 |
| 3. | Avenue Plantation | K.M. | 1203 | 312 |
| 4. | Fodder Development | Ha. | 4082 | 4978 |
| 5. | Homested Garden | No. | 77391 | 140785 |
| 6. | Community Nursery | No. | 383 | 428 |
| 7. | Crop Demonstration | Ha. | 17826 | 9458 |

CHANGES IN LANDUSE DUE TO INTERVENTIONS OF WATERSHED DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMMES of DoLR

(Area in Ha.)

| SI. No. | Program me | Area Targeted | Land Use in Post Project Period | | | | | |
|------------|---------------|------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|-----------------|--------|
| | | | Agri | Horti | Aff | Pasture | Water Bodies | Total |
| 01. | DPAP | 85319 | 28143 | 16990 | 9194 | 1079 | 6220 | 61700 |
| 02. | IWDP | 83697 | 26746 | 13936 | 7758 | 1177 | 4516 | 54133 |
| | Total | 169016 | 54889 | 30926 | 16952 | 2274 | 10736 | 115833 |

ORGANOGRAM at STATE & DISTRICT Level



LAND LEVELLING



DPAP - XII Batch - Kodaikanal Block -Dindigul District – TamilNadu

Problem statement:

- The watersheds being treated are in the rainfed areas of kodaikanal block.
- The major problems are bushes, rocks, roots of the nearby trees apart from erosion due to undulating topography, ranging from 17 25 %.
- The Marginal & Small Farmers were unable to reclaim their lands due to financial constraints.

LAND LEVELLING





Elevation : 2105 Mts above MSL

Objective s and methodology:

*****The work was done to reclaim uncultivable lands in the sloppy hills of the

watershed in order to bring additional area under cultivation.

*****To increase Vegetable Production in the area.

*****After clearing the bushes, stubbles, stones, tree roots, the land was leveled.

*****Earthen bunding was provided wherever necessary.

LAND LEVELLING





Objectives and methodology (contd.)

- > The land was leveled so as to raise irrigated crops.
- >It retains the available runoff and reduces the erosion of the top soil.
- > The initial ploughing with bullocks was done to loose the top soil to form field beds.

DPAP - XII Batch - Kodaikanal Block -Dindigul District – TamilNadu



Velammal, D/o.Murugan, SF.No.505/1



Evaluation / Evidence

| Income from the field Before Land Development | | | NIL |
|---|---------------|-----------|-----|
| Duration of the crop | 90 - 110days | | |
| Cost of the seed materials | Rs.12500/ha | | |
| Cost of Cultivation | Rs.10000/ha | | |
| Yield/ha | 4000 kg/ha | | |
| cost of the yield@Rs12/kg | Rs.48000/ha | | |
| After land reclamation by DPAP, income from the field | eld (per Ha.) | Rs.25,500 | |

FORMATION OF FARM PONDS



Elumalai, S/o.Pitchai, SF.No.919



Thirupathi, S/o.Perumal, SF.No.670/2

IWDP -VI - Guziliamparai Block - Dindigul District - TamilNadu

Problem statement:

*The watershed is situated in the dry block in Guziliamparai of Dindigul district.

★Lowest annual rainfall - 675mm/year and erratic.

*No adequate soil conservation or water harvesting techniques.

There are 53 BC and 8 SC families owning 142 ha of land.

IWDP -- VI - Guziliamparai Block -- Dindigul District -- TamilNadu



Elumalai, S/o.Pitchai, SF.No.919



Thirupathi, S/o.Perumal, SF.No.670/2

Objective and methodology:

- ≻Rain Water is harvested in the land.
- ≻Wells benefitted are 7 Nos.
- ➤To avoid percolation of water harvested, clay soil was spread in the Farm Pond.
- Timber crops are grown on the bunds.

IWDP -VI - Guziliamparai Block - Dindigul District - TamilNadu

Puliyampatti

<image>

Elumalai, S/o.Pitchai, SF.No.919

watershed

Karuthanampatti watershed



Thirupathi, S/o.Perumal, SF.No.670/2 Vellaisamy, S/o.Perumal, SF.No.882/A2

Results /impact

During monsoon, the farm pond is filled to capacity of 5.15 lakh litre.
Water level in 7 wells in the downstream of the farm pond is raised by 2 – 4 feet.
Farmer Mr.Elumalai, S/o.Pichai watershed of Paraipatti happily says that he is now having high hopes to sustain the growth of the Gloriosa superba (Herbal Plant).
The expected income is Rs.65000-Rs75000 during September2011.

IMPACTS OF WATERSHED PROGRAMMES

A META ANALYSIS

- The activities have significant positive impacts on various bio-physical aspects such as investment on soil and water conservation measures, soil fertility status, soil and water erosion, expansion in cropped area, changes in cropping pattern, cropping intensity, production and productivity of crops.
- The net sown area increased up to 31.85 per cent. and increase in gross cropped area ranged from 18 per cent to 35.14 per cent.

- In 50.9 per cent of the watersheds, the increase in cropping intensity is observed to be less than 10 per cent.
- While 10 to 20 per cent increase in cropping intensity is found in 29.8 per cent of watersheds,
- There was 19.3 per cent of watersheds have registered an increase in cropping intensity of more than 20 per cent.



- watershed development activities generated significant positive impacts in the environment.
- The increase in water level in the wells is varied from 0.2 meter to 8.5 meters and this varied across seasons.
- Around 51.4 per cent of watersheds have less than two meters increase in water level in the wells.



- The overall community participation was found to be as 42 per cent.
- The peoples' participation in watershed development was found to be mixed during the project period and found to be very low or nil particularly during postproject period.
- This suggests that community participation in watershed development programme yet to reach more.
- Source: Palanisami.K and Suresh Kumar D. (2010) Comprehensive Assessment of Watershed Development Programmes in Tamil Nadu, Report submitted to the State Planning Commission State Land Use Board (SLUB), Chennai.

India - Tamilnadu



Tamilnadu – Tiruchirapalli District



Tiruchirapalli District - Village boundary Map & Watershed Boundary Map









Reddimangudi village Watershed Features

Village Boundary
 Water body
 Supply Channel
 Ridge Point
 Drainage Point
 Well Point
 Temple







Reddimangudi – EPA work details



Reddimangudi – EPA work details



THE YOU