The rainbarrel is a very simple way to begin with rainwater harvesting

Rain barrel serves as a storage unit for rooftop rainwater.

It can collect a subsantial amount of rainwater.
In Bangalore for example, where there is an annual rainfall of 900 mm d 60 rainy days, 500 liters barrel collecting water from a $50 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ roof area can collect nearly 23000 liters of water every years. Similarely, a 1000 liters barrel can collect nearly 35000 liters of water every year.

Financially, 500 liters and 1000 liters rain barrels are easily available. Installing a 500 liters barrel should cost Rs 3000 . For a 1000 liters barrel it should cost Rs 4000.


A 500 liters rainbarrel at work on a roof

## Materials Required

- PVC pipes 75 mm dia for roof area upto $1000 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ for down pipes. In case of sloped roof, 150 mm dia pipe is cut horizontally to act as a gutter ; gutters can also be of aluminium, galvanized iron, or stainless steel.
- Clamps to be placed at $1 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{c}$ : for holding the gutter in place ; numbers depend on the lengh of the gutter and down pipe.
- Screws/ nails for fixing the clamps.
- End cap for sealing off the other end of gutter so that water dœs not flow out from the wrong end.
- Elbows for joining the pipes at right angles ; numbers depend on the design
- Tee ; joint for connecting the down pipe to first rain separator on one end and water inlet into the barrel on the other end
- First rain separator with PVC gate valve. First rain separator allows the first rain water which usually carries a lot of suspended particles like leaves, dust, etc. to flow off without letting it into the barrel.
- Small perforated aluminum basket (which sits securely in the mouth of the Rain barrel) with two layers of sponge; to act as filter
- PVC drum ; 500 liters or 1000 liters depending on roof area: forstoring rain water
- Tap at the bottom of the barrel for allowing drawl of water in a bucket or by attaching a hose pipe
- Platform raised at a height of around 45 cm from the ground : for keeping the rain barrel

Harvesting the rain with a rain barrel


## Site Specification

Should have a minimum of $3^{\prime} 3^{\prime \prime} \times 3^{\prime} 3$ " for 500 liter drum and 4'0"x 4'0" for 1000 Liters.

## Technique - the roof

Lead all the water falling on the roof to one or two points in the roof. This can be done during the time of construction by providing a slope in the required direction. In already constructed houses, connect the existing pipes to the rain barrel.


Flat roof



Connecting vertical pipes

Maintenance : Make sure that just before the first monsoon showers the roof is swept clean. During continuous rainy spell it is advisable to clean the roof once a week.

## Technique - the pipes

In case of sloped roof, fix a gutter (horizontal pipe) along theedges of the roof using clamps. The gutter can be connected to the down pipe using an elbow junction. Seal the other end of the gutter using end cap.


Gutter for sloped roof


Elbow junction


End cap

## Technique - the first rain separator

Water from the first showers should not be harvested; it should be allowed to flow out through a first rain separator pipe.
Using tee junction at the end of down pipe, connect one end of the tee to the first rain separator and the other end to the inlet of the barrel.


Tee junction


First rain separator with gate valve

## Technique - the platform

Construct a platform at a minimum of 45 cm above the ground. This allows you to get some water directly fom the tap and keep the bottom of the barrel clean.


Rain barrel in an industry

## Technique - PVC barrel

Place the PVC barrel on top of the platform.


Examples of PVC barrels

Technique - PVC barrel


Examples of PVC barrels

## Technique

You have to filter the water before storage. It can be anythong that will prevent the solid particles to enter in the barrel.
For example, you can place a perforated aluminum basket with twolayers of sponge or a perforated plastic bottle with a mesh at the mouth of the barrel.


Aluminium bottle and sponge


Plastic bottle and mesh

Maintenance : always keep the filters clean

## What else is possible



Using a hosepipe, the tap can be connected to the borewell or sump tank.


Overflows from rain barrels can also be used for recharging the groundwater

## Water quality

If all the hygien precautions have been taken (roof and gutter clean, efficient filter), this water is generally fit for drinking. To ensure its quality, you will have to do some bacteriological test.


H2S strip test. If the water doesn't turn black after 36 hours in the sun, it is drinkable

Rain barrels at work


In a house


In a low income area
In a industry

Rainbarrels for polyhouses


